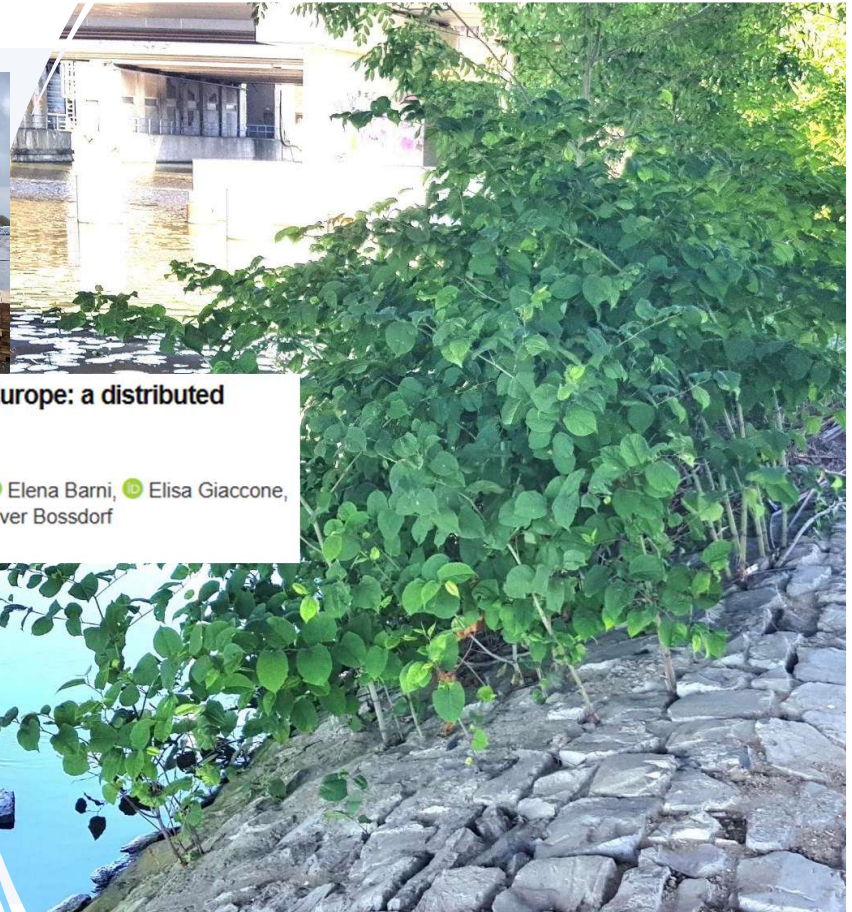


# Managing invasive biotic pollutants

**A strategic action plan for Asian Knotweed**

14/10/2025 ENSor Brussel - Lena Vanderhaegen, Witteveen+Bos Belgium

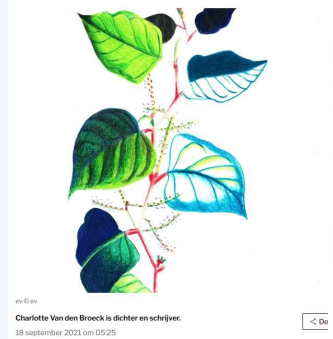




# Phenotypic plasticity of invasive knotweed across Europe: a distributed common garden experiment

Ramona Elena Irimia, Madalin Parepa, Nicole Sebesta, Elena Barni, Elisa Giaccone, Yaolin Guo, Sophie Karrenberg, Christina Richards, Oliver Bossdorf  
doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.08.18.667133>

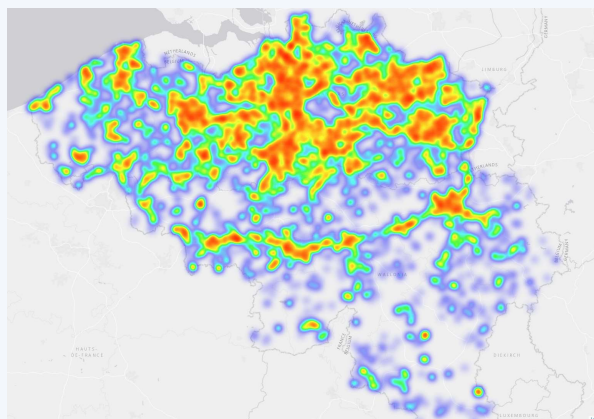
Hebt u de Japanse duizendknoop al zien woekeren?



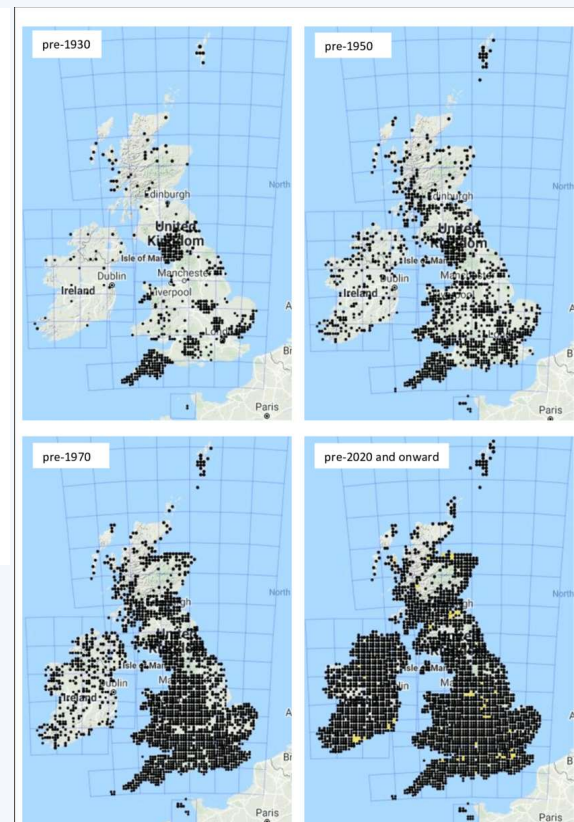
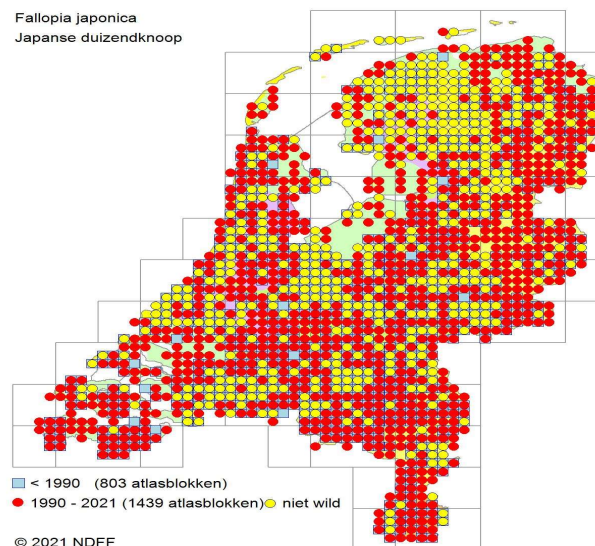
Ook in België woekert de invasieve plant. A. Jagel © A. Jagel

2 juni 2018 om 05:25

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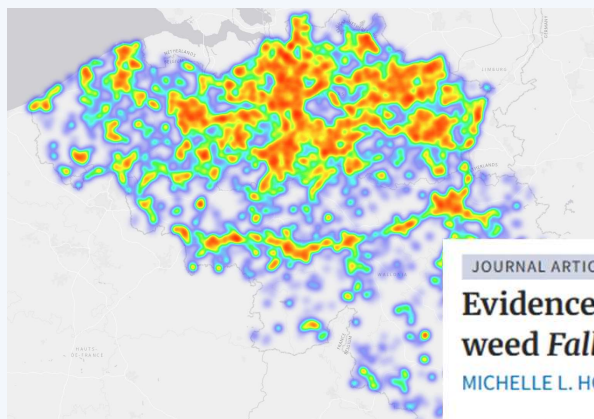


Heatmap België – waarnemingen JDK (2000 – 2021)  
[https://waarnemingen.be/species/6781/maps/?start\\_date=2000-05-05&interval=15552000&end\\_date=2021-12-01&map\\_type=heat](https://waarnemingen.be/species/6781/maps/?start_date=2000-05-05&interval=15552000&end_date=2021-12-01&map_type=heat)



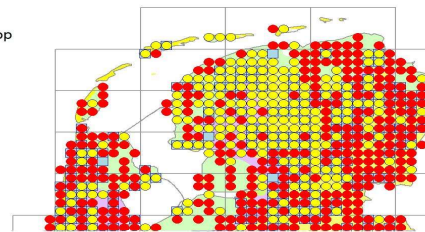
Uitbreiding GB: <http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/8553378.stm>





Heatmap Belgie – waarnemingen JDK (2000-2021)  
[https://waarnemingen.be/species/6781/maps/?start\\_date=2000-01-01&interval=15552000&end\\_date=2021-12-01&map\\_type=heatmap](https://waarnemingen.be/species/6781/maps/?start_date=2000-01-01&interval=15552000&end_date=2021-12-01&map_type=heatmap)

*Fallopia japonica*  
 Japanse duizendknoop



#### JOURNAL ARTICLE

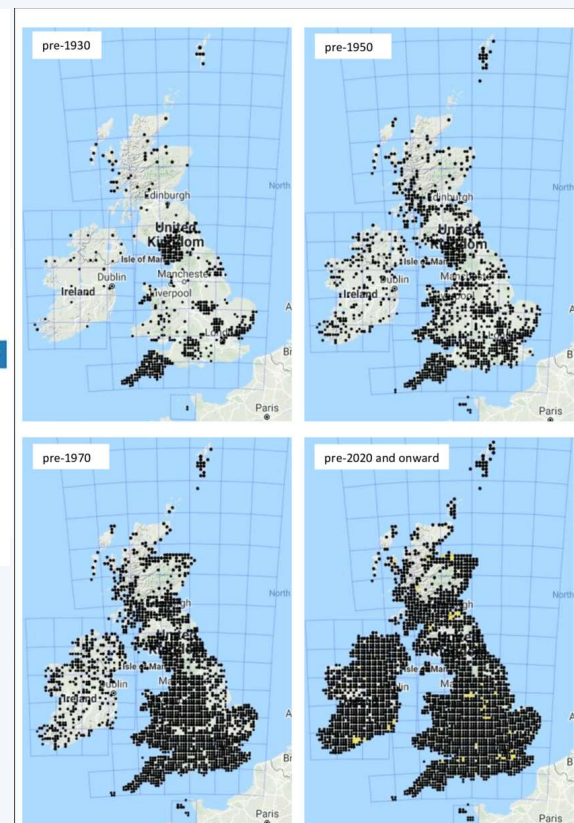
### Evidence for massive clonal growth in the invasive weed *Fallopia japonica* (Japanese Knotweed)

MICHELLE L. HOLLINGSWORTH ✉, JOHN P. BAILEY

*Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society*, Volume 133, Issue 4, August 2000, Pages 463–472, <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1095-8339.2000.tb01589.x>

Published: 28 June 2008 Article history ▼

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Uitbreiding GB: <http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/8553378.stm>

## Impact of the Asian knotweed

Ecological harms

Economical harms



## Legal framework EU and Belgium

4.11.2014

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

L 317/35

**REGULATION (EU) No 1143/2014 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL**

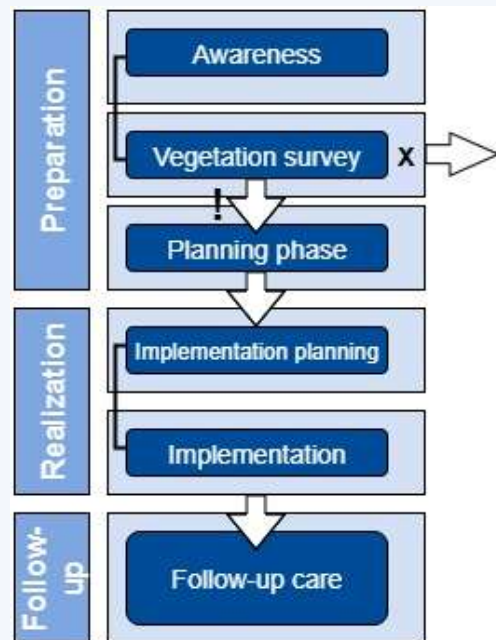
**of 22 October 2014**

**on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species**

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,



## Project based actionplan



### Implementation planning:

- Remediation is needed; what is the best method (customized approach)
- In line with local policy?
- Agreements with the competent authorities?

### Implementation:

- Clearly mark contaminated zones and monitor them
- Implement Site hygiene practices and work protocols
- Increased attention and monitoring when working in contaminated zones.
- Track work areas; soil and material flows represent a dispersion risk.

### Follow-up care:

- Essential for a succesful remediation
- Early detection of recontamination.

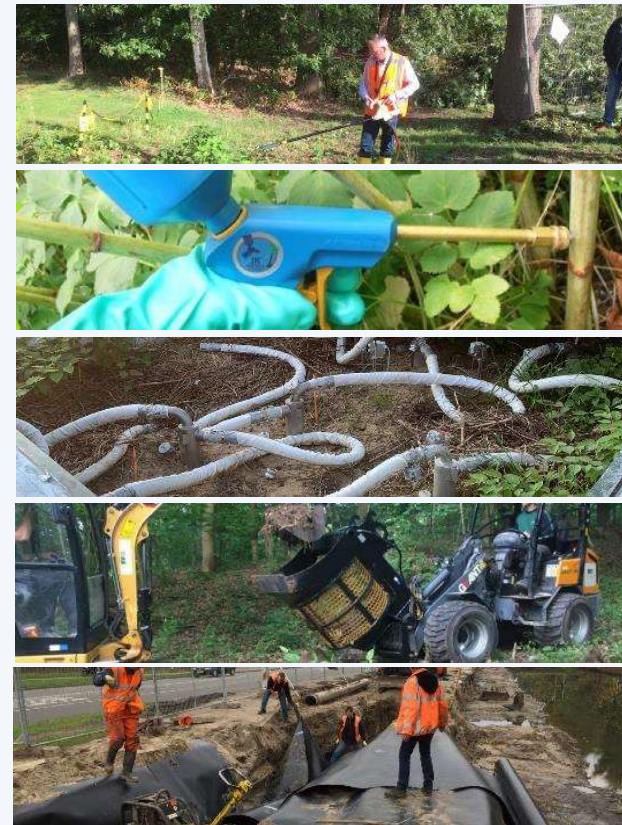


## Remediation methods



## Impact of remediation methods

What can we gain vs what could we lose





## Remediation methods



### LIFE-Resilias project

#### Interview: Managing rather than fighting seems to work

Trade magazine My Nature interviewed Jessica Snoek, the new project leader of LIFE Resilias for the autumn issue of 2025. The article 'New insights argue for different approach to invasive exotics - Managing rather than fighting seems to work' talks about the (now) six years of experience that Bosgroep Zuid Nederland and Stichting Bargerveen have with [...]

24 September 2025

## Impact of remediation methods

What can we gain vs what could we lose



## Recommendations

- Focus on raising awareness
- Monitor invasive alien species
- Stimulate project based actionplans
- Define (basic) rules for working in contaminated areas
- Implement obligations about invasive alien species in tenders from public authorities
- Stay open to the question: "Is extermination always necessary"

## Data sources and references

- Kerckvoorde et al. (2001: Natuurfocus 2021-2-N&T Lokaal beheer van Japanse duizendknoop
- MICHELLE L. HOLLINGSWORTH, JOHN P. BAILEY, Evidence for massive clonal growth in the invasive weed *Fallopia japonica* (Japanese Knotweed), Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society, Volume 133, Issue 4, August 2000, Pages 463–472, <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1095-8339.2000.tb01589.x>
- RamonaElena Irimia, Madalin Parepa, Nicole Sebesta, Elena Barni, Elisa Giaccone, Yaolin Guo, Sophie Karrenberg, Christina Richards, Oliver Bossdorf: Phenotypic plasticity of invasive knotweed across Europe: a distributed common garden experiment bioRxiv 2025.08.18.667133; doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.08.18.667133>
- Snoek, Jessica (2025): Niet bestrijden maar juist beheren lijkt te werken, vakblad mijnnatuur, P22-24 herfst 2025



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Volg Witteveen+Bos op



## Abstract

Biotic pollutants, such as invasive plant species, are increasingly recognised as novel sources for diffuse soil pollution. Since they often impact extensive areas, classic remediation techniques are typically unsuitable or extremely costly. We present an evaluation of promising alternative risk management strategies, through an extensive cost-benefit analysis and compile a strategic action plan for dealing with diffuse biotic pollutants. Ultimately we aim to fuel policy recommendations and help build a realistic framework for treating this type of emerging pollution.

As a specific case study we tackle the problem of the 'Asian knotweed'. This plant species is among the most distributed and visible biotic pollutants in our environment and causes enormous damage to both natural ecosystems and infrastructure across the EU. Despite its socio-economic significance, adequate treatment methods are lacking and the legal framework to deal with knotweed-associated soil pollution is deficient. Therefore, many studies are currently undertaken to devise treatment methods for infected areas and policy recommendations are called for. Here, we perform an integrative exercise and distil a generic action plan from the state-of-the art.

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